

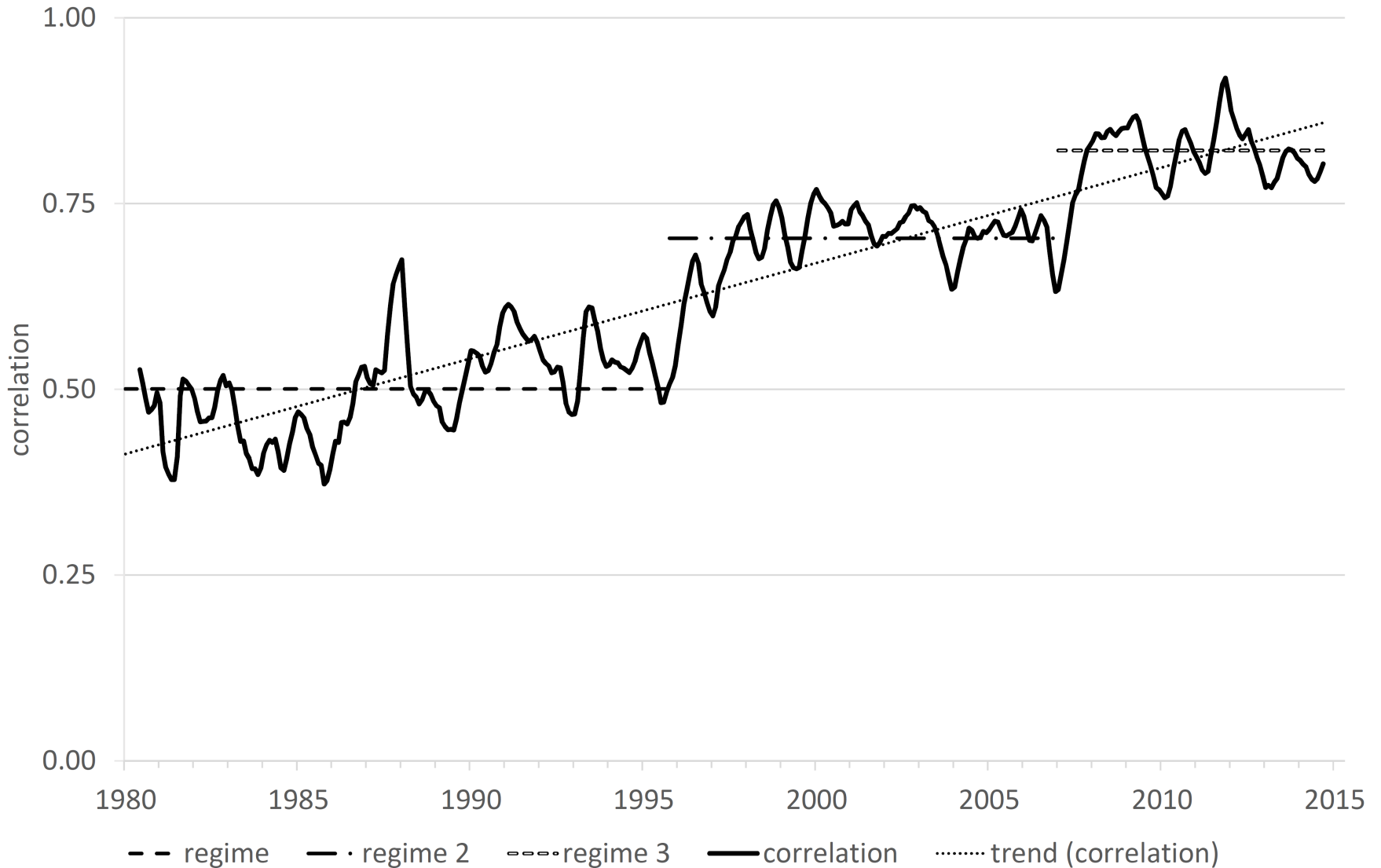
Systemic Risk in a Structural Model of Bank Default Linkages

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Structural Model of Default

- Description:
 - Individual bank defaults iff assets $<$ debt
 - Introduce default correlation through asset correlation
 - Study a banking system with N individual banks
- Analogous to default risk in a bank portfolio but there are two crucial differences:
 - Typically use “small” correlation in bank portfolios, but we empirically find large correlations in the banking system
 - Typically assume “large/infinite” number N but actual number is small in the banking system

Time Series of Correlation (Averages Across Largest 15 US Banks)



Micro-prudential Regulation and Banking Sector Default

- Micro-prudential regulation addresses individual default probability $p_i=p$ for $i=1,\dots,N$ banks
- To describe banking sector default, define
 - Indicator variable for default of bank i : X_i
 - Default frequency: $M_N = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N X_i}{N}$
- **If** asset correlation=0, Law of Large Numbers implies

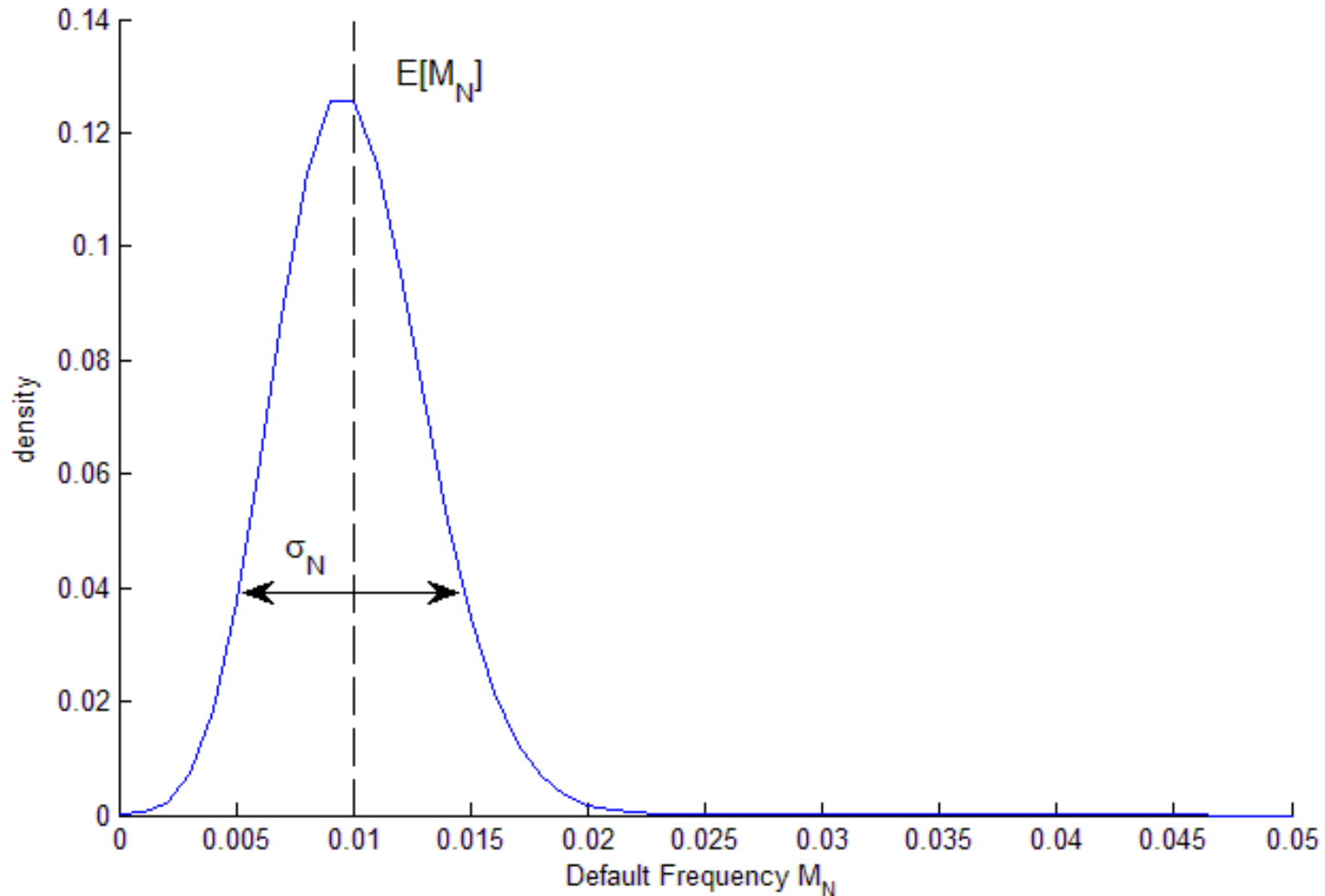
$$M_N \rightarrow p$$

- suggests that default frequency is “close to” individual default probability,
- Focus on micro-prudential regulation

Density of Default Frequency M_N (Correlation $\rho=0$; $N=1,000$ Banks)

For correlation=0: Here $\sigma_N = 0.3146\%$
For correlation=0: $M_N \sim N(p, \sigma_N)$, $\sigma_N = \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{N}}$; Here $\sigma_N = 0.3146\%$

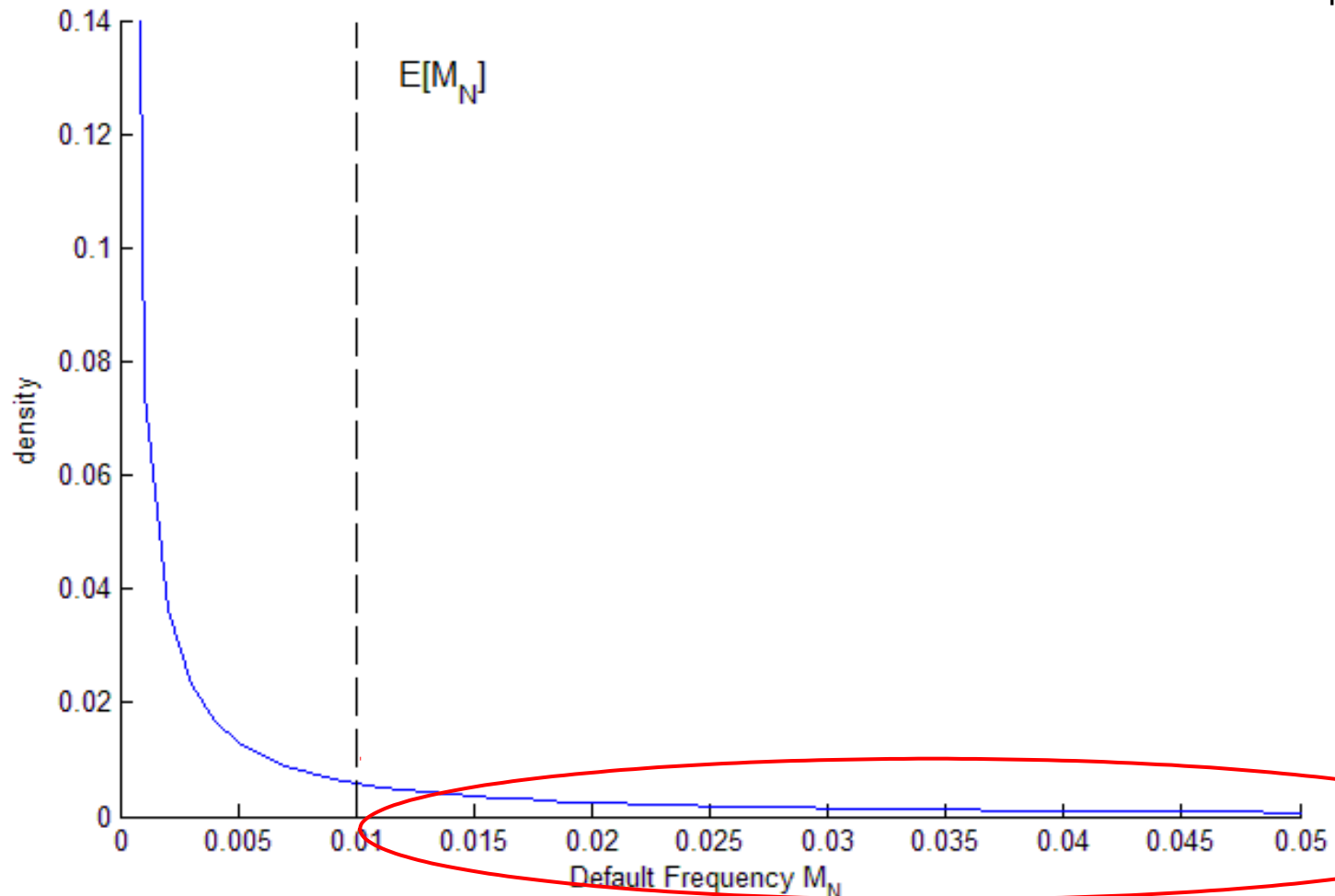
Parameter: ind. def. prob. $p=1\%$



Density of Default Frequency M_N

(Correlation $\rho=63.8\%$; $N=1,000$ Banks)

Parameter: ind. def. prob. $p=1\%$

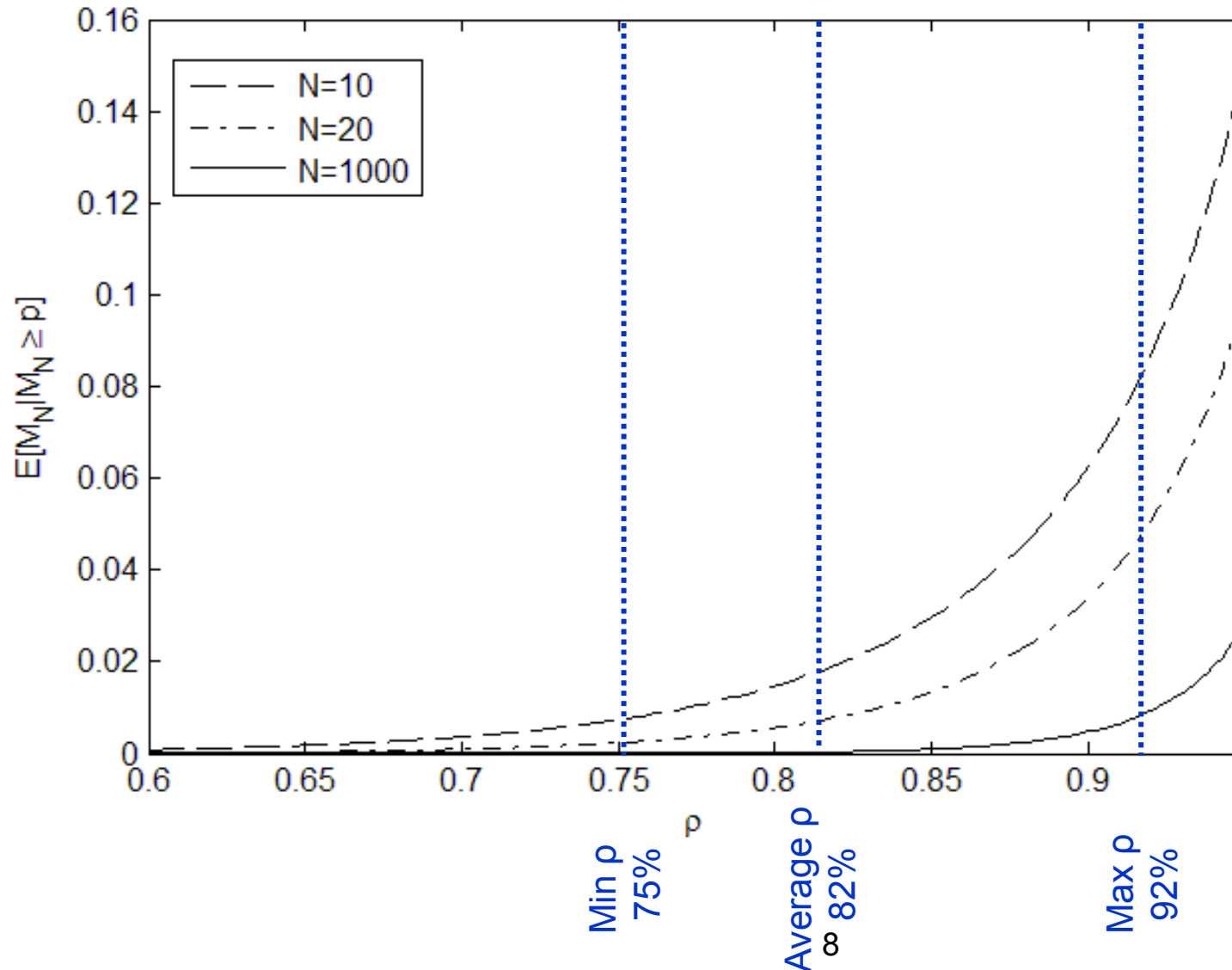


Systemic Risk Measure

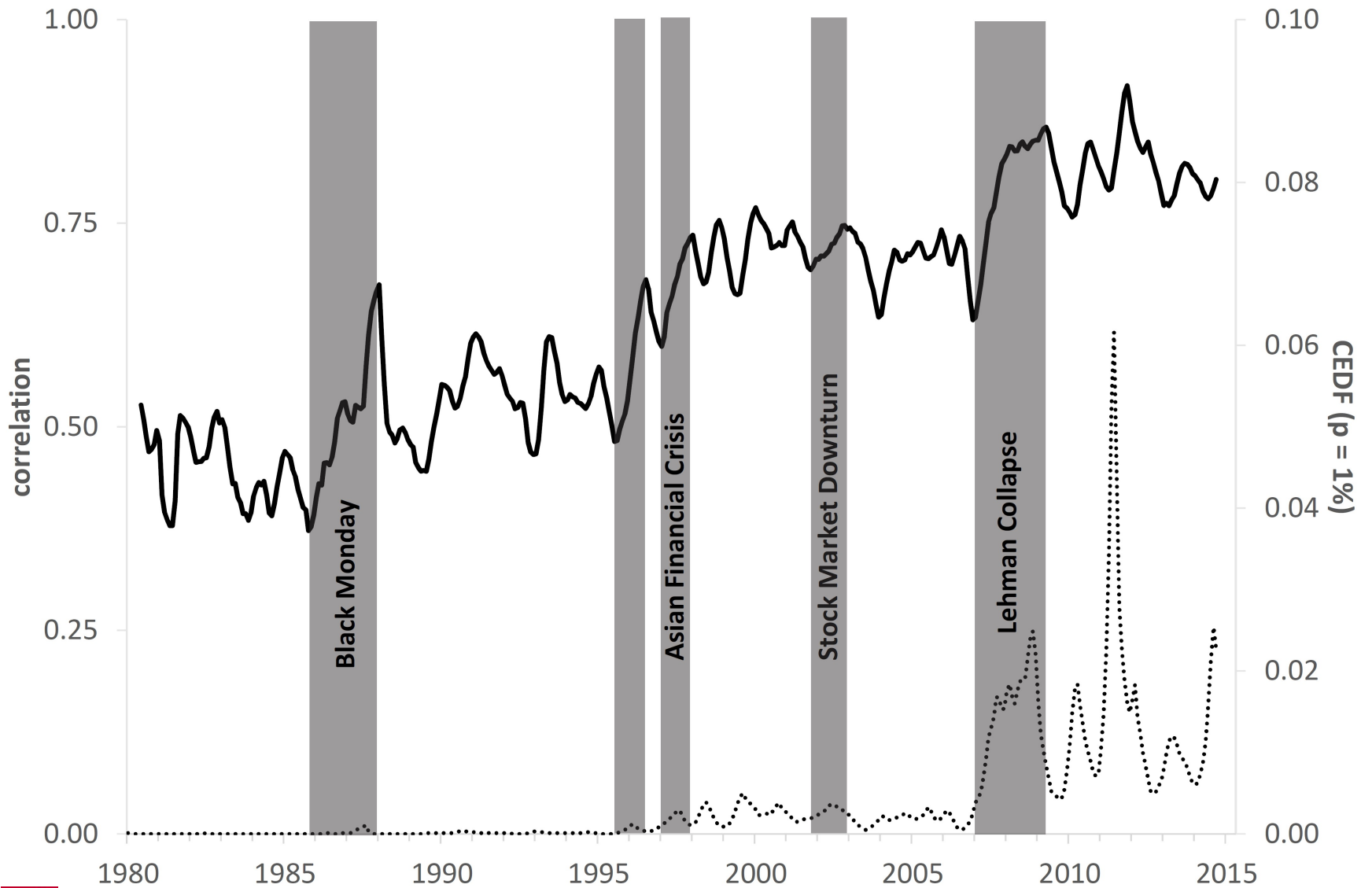
- Summary of observations from previous slides:
 - Actual numbers N are “large” but too small to adequately capture “infinity”
 - In addition, correlations are far from zero, in particular close to 1 (maximum)
 - Default frequency “spreads” out to the right.
- Default frequency larger than micro-prudential reference level $p = E[M_N]$ is problematic
 - Define Conditional Expected default frequency:
 - Systemic risk measure
 - Foundation for macro-prudential regulation

Systemic is Sizeable and Depends Non-linearly on Correlation

Parameter: ind. def. prob. $p=1\%$



Evolution of Our Systemic Risk Measure



Conclusion

- Approach to systemic risk based on well-known structural model of credit risk
- Asset correlation
 - Strong non-linear impact on systemic risk measure
 - Empirically, increasing over time and typically “large”
 - Strong increases may signal systemic stress
- “Large” correlations mean macro-prudential regulation required